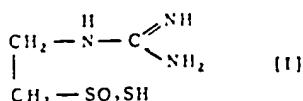


BY

87-140943/20	B05	SOUG-02.10.85 *J6 2081-365-A
SOUGO YAKKOU KK 02.10.85-JP-218009 (14.04.87) A61k-31/18 C07c-161		
Gunidino ethane thiosulphonic acid cholesterol decreasing agent - prep. by reacting gunidino ethane sulphonic acid with sulphur in presence of base C87-058856		

Guanidinoethanethiosulphonic acid of formula [I] is new:



#### USE/ADVANTAGE

[I] is useful as cholesterol decreasing agent.

The compound has strong cholesterol decreasing activity and strong HDL-cholesterol increasing activity without toxicity ( $\text{LD}_{50} = 3000 \text{ mg/Kg}$  in the rat).

#### PREPARATION

Cpd. [I] is prepared by reacting hypotaurocyanine (guanidinoethanesulphonic acid) with sulphur in the presence

B(10-A98, 12-G1A, 12-H3) 3

B0173

#### of base.

Caustic alkali such as NaOH, KOH is used as base. Powdered sulphur is pref. used.

Solvent is pref. an alcohol such as MeOH, EtOH or i-PrOH.

#### ACTIVITY

Test results on male rats allowed to eat normal food, cholesterol food, and cholesterol food with [I] (200 mg/Kg. day) for 2 weeks [total] cholesterol in serum, HDL-cholesterol in serum, HDL-cholesterol (mg/dl) are: 109.2, 48.5; 521.2, 20.5; 283.9, 28.1.

#### EXAMPLE

Hypotaurocyanine (0.18 mol) was dissolved in 0.2N NaOH. EtOH (1800 ml) and sulphur (6.3g) were added. The mixture was stirred under reflux until the sulphur completely disappeared and was allowed to stand overnight. Crude crystals were filtered and washed with CS<sub>2</sub> (twice) and EtOH. The crystals were dissolved in hot water and recrystallized by adding EtOH (2700ml) and cooling. Filtration and washing with ether afforded 26.4 g (80.1%) of [I]. mp 206-210°C. (SppW67LDwgNo0/0). J62091365-A

87-140944/20	B03	TOST-02.10.85 *J6 2081-368-A
TOHYOH STAUFER CHEM 02.10.85-JP-219681 (14.04.87) C07d-205/08		
Highly stereoselective synthesis of beta-lactam deriv. - by treating lithium enolate of organic ester with organic imine cpd. in polar solvent C87-058857		

$\beta$ -Lactam derivs. are synthesized highly selectively by treating lithium enolate of organic ester with organic imine cpd. in polar solvent.

The organic imine cpd. may be an imine coordinated with trialkylaluminum. When the cpd. is used as imine, cis prod. may be synthesized with 100% stereoselectivity.

#### USE/ADVANTAGE

Lactams are formed with high stereoselectivity. Prods. are useful as pharmaceuticals.

#### EXAMPLE

n-BuLi (15% hexane soln.) (12 m mols.) was added to a soln. of diisopropylamine (12 m mols.) in n-hexane (7 ml) with ice-cooling under N<sub>2</sub>, and resultant mixt. was stirred. n-Hexane was distilled off under reduced press.. THF (5 ml) was added to the residue, and the mixt. was cooled to -78°C.

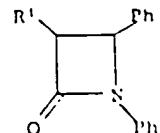
B(7-D1) 1

B0171

(C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>COOC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> or CH<sub>3</sub>C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>COOC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> (10 m mols) was added within three minutes to the above mixt., and a soln. of C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>CH=NC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> (10 m mols) in THF (5 ml) or a soln. of the imine (10 m mols) and AlR<sub>3</sub> (10 mmols) in THF (5 m mols) was added.

The low temp. cooling bath was removed and temp. of reaction mixt. was elevated slowly to room temp. over ten hours. The mixt. was then hydrolysed with 1N HCl q.s. soln. and prod. was extracted with benzene to give  $\beta$ -lactam.

Yield of the  $\beta$ -lactam and results of cis : trans ratio are as follows:



(n) R<sup>1</sup> = i-Pr:

J62081368-A

AIR <sub>3</sub>	Yield (%)	Cis : trans ratio
None	87	0 : 100
Al(C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	73	100 : 0
Al(C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	75	100 : 0
Ali-Bu <sub>3</sub>	40	100 : 0

(b) R = Cl<sub>2</sub>:

AIR <sub>3</sub>	Yield (%)	Cis : trans ratio
None	92	0 : 100
Al(C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	85	100 : 0
Al(C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	83	100 : 0
Ali-Bu <sub>3</sub>	52	100 : 0

(SppW69EDDwgNo0/0).

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